

## Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA

## § 29.6011

### 6 Grades of Nondescript

N1L	N1R	N1G
N2L	N2R	N2G
1 Grade of Scrap		
S		

Special factors "U", "W", and "S" may be applied to all grades in all types, "BH" to grades in types 35 and 36, and "BL" to type 35. Tobacco not covered by the standard grades is designated "No-G."

[30 FR 9207, July 23, 1965, as amended at 49 FR 16759, Apr. 20, 1984; 51 FR 40408, Nov. 7, 1986]

### APPLICABLE STANDARD SIZES

#### § 29.3681 Applicable standard sizes.

Types 35, 36, 37 and 95

A1, A2, A3 .....	2, 3
B1, B2, B3, B4, B5 .....	1, 2, 3
C1, C2, C3, C4, C5 .....	1, 2, 3

[51 FR 40408, Nov. 7, 1986]

### KEY TO STANDARD GRADEMARKS

#### § 29.3686 Key to standard grademarks.

Group	Qualities	Colors
A—Wrappers .....	1—Choice.	L—Light brown
B—Heavy Leaf .....	2—Fine ..	F—Medium brown
C—Thin Leaf .....	3—Good	R—Reddish brown
X—Lugs .....	4—Fair ...	D—Dark brown
N—Nondescript .....	5—Low ...	M—Mixed
S—Scrap .....	.....	G—Green

[30 FR 9207, July 23, 1965, as amended at 51 FR 40408, Nov. 7, 1986]

OFFICIAL STANDARD GRADES FOR WISCONSIN CIGAR-BINDER TOBACCO (U.S. TYPES 54 AND 55)<sup>1</sup>

### DEFINITIONS

#### § 29.6001 Definitions.

As used in these standards, the words and phrases hereinafter defined shall have the indicated meanings so assigned.

#### § 29.6002 Air-cured.

Tobacco cured under natural atmospheric conditions. Artificial heat sometimes is used to control excess humid-

<sup>1</sup>These standards also apply to Type 53 Havana seed tobacco.

ity during the curing period to prevent pole-sweat, pole-burn, and shed-burn in damp weather. Air-cured tobacco should not carry the odor of smoke or fumes resulting from the application of artificial heat.

#### § 29.6003 Body.

The thickness and density of a leaf or the weight per unit of surface. (See chart.)

#### § 29.6004 Burn.

The duration of combustion or length of time that a tobacco leaf will hold fire after ignition. (See Rule 18.)

#### § 29.6005 Case (order).

The state of tobacco with respect to its moisture content.

#### § 29.6006 Class.

A major division of tobacco based on method of cure or principal usage.

#### § 29.6007 Clean.

Tobacco is described as clean when it contains only a normal amount of sand or soil particles. Leaves grown on the lower portion of the stalk normally contain more sand or dirt than those from higher stalk positions. (See Rule 4.)

#### § 29.6008 Condition.

The state of tobacco which results from the method of preparation or from the degree of fermentation. Words used to describe the condition of tobacco are Undried, air-dried, steam-dried, sweating, sweated, and aged.

#### § 29.6009 Crude.

A subdegree of maturity. (See Rule 15.)

#### § 29.6010 Cured.

Tobacco dried of its sap by either natural or artificial processes.

#### § 29.6011 Damage.

The effect of mold, must, rot, black rot or other fungus or bacterial diseases which attack tobacco in its cured state. Tobacco having the odor of mold, must or rot is considered damaged. (See Rule 17.)